

### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CHEMISTRY 0620/53
Paper 5 Practical Test May/June 2018

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Cambridge Assessment
International Education

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# May/June 2018

# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

# Marks must be awarded **positively**:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do

marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### **GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	all temperature boxes completed with all temperatures completed to same number of decimal places	1
	temperature increases and then decreases	1
1(b)	all points plotted correctly	1
	best-fit intersecting straight-line graphs	1
1(c)	all temperature boxes completed with all temperatures completed to same number of decimal places	1
	temperature increases and then decreases	1
1(d)	all points plotted correctly (± half a small square)	1
	best-fit intersecting straight-line graphs	1
1(e)(i)	working shown on graph	1
	value from graph where lines cross	1
1(e)(ii)	half as much	1
	less / half as much / many moles of sodium hydroxide present	1
1(f)	exothermic	1
1(g)(i)	to remove traces of acid A / clean or to remove impurities / contamination	1
1(g)(ii)	to remove traces of water / avoid dilution	1

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# Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
1(h)	source of error: using a measuring cylinder or heat losses	1
	improvement: use a pipette / burette or lag / insulation / lid	1

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	yellow	1
2(a)(ii)	anything in range 11–14	1
2(b)	white precipitate	1
	clears / dissolves	1
	white precipitate	1
2(c)	pH / litmus paper	1
	turns blue	1
2(d)	green precipitate	1
	clears / dissolves	1
	green precipitate	1
2(e)	sodium / Na <sup>+</sup>	1
	hydroxide / OH <sup>-</sup>	1
2(f)	colourless	1

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May	//Jun	20	18
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Question	Answer	Marks
2(g)	(pale) yellow	1
	precipitate / suspension	1
2(h)	yellow / blue flame	1
2(i)	organic / fuel / flammable	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3	any 6 from:	max 6
	cut leaves into small pieces grind / crush with sand / ethanol using pestle/mortar decant / pour-off / filter liquid chromatography apply extract to paper (in correct location) description of separating colours	

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